

习题 3.1

1. 不是. 2. 略

3.

$X \backslash Y$	0	1	2	3
0	0	0	$\frac{C_3^2 C_2^2}{C_7^4} = \frac{3}{35}$	$\frac{C_3^3 C_1^1}{C_7^4} = \frac{2}{35}$
1	0	$\frac{C_3^1 C_2^1 C_1^1}{C_7^4} = \frac{6}{35}$	$\frac{C_3^1 C_2^1 C_2^1}{C_7^4} = \frac{12}{35}$	$\frac{C_3^1 C_1^1}{C_7^4} = \frac{2}{35}$
2	$\frac{C_1^1 C_2^2}{C_7^4} = \frac{1}{35}$	$\frac{C_3^1 C_2^2 C_1^1}{C_7^4} = \frac{6}{35}$	$\frac{C_3^1 C_2^2}{C_7^4} = \frac{3}{35}$	0

4.

$X \backslash Y$	0	1	2	3	$P_{\cdot j}$
1	0	$\frac{3}{8}$	$\frac{3}{8}$	0	$\frac{3}{4}$
3	$\frac{1}{8}$	0	0	$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{4}$
$P_{i \cdot}$	$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{3}{8}$	$\frac{3}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$	

5.
$$f_z(z) = \begin{cases} 2(1-z), & 0 \leq z < 1, \\ 0, & \text{其他.} \end{cases}$$

解: 设 X, Y 分别表示两投掷点的坐标, 则 (X, Y) 服从二维均匀分布 $U[0, 1; 0, 1]$, 其联合密度函数为

$$f(x, y) = \begin{cases} 1, & 0 \leq x \leq 1, 0 \leq y \leq 1 \\ 0, & \text{其它} \end{cases}$$

令 $Z = \{X - Y\}$, 则 Z 的分布函数为

$$F_z(z) = P\{Z \leq z\} = P\{|X - Y| \leq z\} = \iint_{|x-y| \leq 1} f(x, y) dx dy$$

当 $z < 0$ 时, $F_z(z) = 0$;

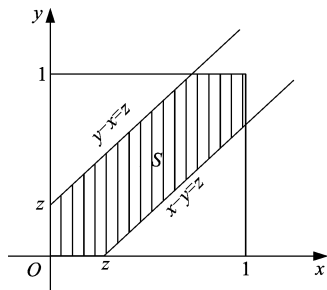
当 $0 \leq z < 1$ 时, 区域 $|x - y| \leq z$ 与正方形区域 $0 \leq x \leq 1, 0 \leq y \leq 1$ 的公共部分如图 3.12 所示, 并用 S 表示其面积, 则

$$S = 1 - (1 - Z)^2 = 2z - z^2.$$

于是

$$F_z(z) = \iint_S dx dy = 2z - z^2.$$

当 $z \geq 1$ 时, 区域 $|x - y| \leq z$ 包含整个正方形区域:



$$0 \leq x \leq 1, 0 \leq y \leq 1,$$

于是

$$F_z(Z) = \int_0^1 \int_0^1 dx dy = 1.$$

综上所述, 有

$$F_z(z) = \begin{cases} 0, & z < 0, \\ 2z - z^2, & 0 \leq z < 1, \\ 1, & z \geq 1, \end{cases}$$

从而, $Z = |X - Y|$ 的密度函数为

$$f_z(z) = F'_z(z) = \begin{cases} 2(1 - z), & 0 \leq z < 1 \\ 0, & \text{其它} \end{cases}$$

6. 设随机变量 (X, Y) 在正方形域 $|x| + |y| \leq \frac{a}{\sqrt{2}}$ 内服从均匀分布.

$$(1) f(x, y) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{a^2}, & (x, y) \in D, \\ 0, & \text{其他.} \end{cases}$$

(2)

$$f_X(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{a^2}(\sqrt{2}a + 2x), & -\frac{a}{\sqrt{2}} < x < 0, \\ \frac{1}{a^2}(\sqrt{2}a - 2x), & 0 < x < \frac{a}{\sqrt{2}}, \\ 0, & \text{其他.} \end{cases} = \begin{cases} \frac{2}{a^2}(\frac{a}{\sqrt{2}} - |x|), & |x| < \frac{a}{\sqrt{2}}, \\ 0, & \text{其他.} \end{cases}$$

$$f_Y(y) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{a^2}(\sqrt{2}a + 2y), & -\frac{a}{\sqrt{2}} < y < 0, \\ \frac{1}{a^2}(\sqrt{2}a - 2y), & 0 < y < \frac{a}{\sqrt{2}}, \\ 0, & \text{其他.} \end{cases} = \begin{cases} \frac{2}{a^2}(\frac{a}{\sqrt{2}} - |y|), & |y| < \frac{a}{\sqrt{2}}, \\ 0, & \text{其他.} \end{cases}$$

解: (1) 随机变量 (X, Y) 在边长为 a 正方形区域 D 内服从均匀分布, 故 $S_D = a^2$,

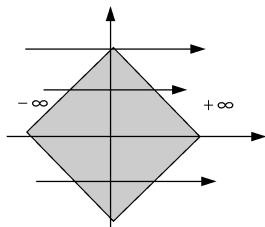
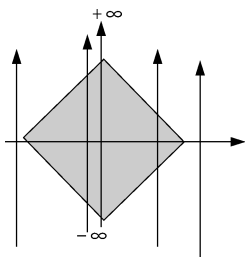
$$\text{得, } (X, Y) \text{ 的联合概率密度 } f(x, y) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{a^2}, & (x, y) \in D, \\ 0, & \text{其它} \end{cases}$$

(2) 欲求 $f_X(x) = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} f(x, y) dy$, 由联合概率密度函数的非零定义区域知, 该积分是对 y 的积分, 则要对 x 分区间讨论, 见下左图

$$\textcircled{1} x \leq -\frac{a}{\sqrt{2}} \text{ 或 } x \geq \frac{a}{\sqrt{2}}, f(x, y) = 0, \text{ 则 } f_X(x) = 0$$

$$\textcircled{2} -\frac{a}{\sqrt{2}} < x < 0, f(x, y) \neq 0, \text{ 则 } f_X(x) = \int_{-\frac{a}{\sqrt{2}}-x}^{\frac{a}{\sqrt{2}}+x} \frac{1}{a^2} dy = \frac{1}{a^2}(\sqrt{2}a + 2x);$$

$$\textcircled{3} 0 < x < \frac{a}{\sqrt{2}}, f(x, y) \neq 0, \text{ 则 } f_X(x) = \int_{x-\frac{a}{\sqrt{2}}}^{\frac{a}{\sqrt{2}}-x} \frac{1}{a^2} dy = \frac{1}{a^2}(\sqrt{2}a - 2x);$$



$$\text{所以, } f_X(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{a^2}(\sqrt{2}a + 2x), & -\frac{a}{\sqrt{2}} < x < 0 \\ \frac{1}{a^2}(\sqrt{2}a - 2x), & 0 < x < \frac{a}{\sqrt{2}} \\ 0, & \text{其它} \end{cases} = \begin{cases} \frac{2}{a^2}\left(\frac{a}{\sqrt{2}} - |x|\right), & |x| < \frac{a}{\sqrt{2}} \\ 0, & \text{其它} \end{cases}$$

同理, 利用对称性, 得

$$f_Y(y) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{a^2}(\sqrt{2}a + 2y), & -\frac{a}{\sqrt{2}} < y < 0 \\ \frac{1}{a^2}(\sqrt{2}a - 2y), & 0 < y < \frac{a}{\sqrt{2}} \\ 0, & \text{其它} \end{cases} = \begin{cases} \frac{2}{a^2}\left(\frac{a}{\sqrt{2}} - |y|\right), & |y| < \frac{a}{\sqrt{2}} \\ 0, & \text{其它} \end{cases}$$